Automated Compatibility Testing Method for Software Logic by Using Symbolic Execution

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Agenda

- Background
- Current Compatibility Testing Process
- Proposed Testing Process
- Application Experiment
- Discussion to apply to commercial software

Conclusion

Background

Software is everywhere in today's world

- Context where software is working is changing because world (our society) is changing
- Software must be updated to keep matching context with our real world

Longer the software lifecycle, more changing demand

Trend of Software Development



Source: IPA/SEC White Paper 2014-2015 on Software Development Projects in Japan



Issues on Software modification

- Short time of development
 - Modification tends to be treated as easier than scratch
- Lack of knowledge
 - No document, no person in charge
- Compatibility assurance



Objective of our study

 Resolve compatibility testing issues by applying Symbolic Execution technique to the testing process

Scope

- Software logical behavior
 - there are also some more perspectives such as performance but out of scope
- Software modification does not change the user interface
 - Test cases of the original software can be re-used

Compatibility testing process

Testing process for original software



Compatibility testing process

Testing process for modified software



Test coverage

Can we find all bugs ?



Test coverage

Can we find all bugs ?





Proposed testing process



Proposed testing process



Test Coverage



Test Coverage



Application Experiment

Experiment 1

- Apply this method to the sample application in case of specification modification
- To verify if we can find three types of modification: Add, Change, Remove

Experiment 2

- Apply this method to the sample application in case that the application has bugs
- To verify if we can find three types of bugs

Specification of the application

Sample application calculates a discount rate of admission fee for the public facility

- If age of a customer is less than or equal to 3, Free (0% of the normal fee)
- If Wednesday, 90% of the normal fee
- If age of a customer is greater than or equal to 60, 60% of the normal fee
- If sex of a customer is female and her age is greater than or equal to 50, 65% of the normal fee
- If the memorial day, 80% of the normal fee
- > If a customer is local citizen, 50% of the normal fee
- ▶ If after 3 P.M., 70% of the normal fee
- If age of a customer is less than or equal to 12, 40% of the normal fee
- Note that greater discount rate is applied when multiple conditions are met

Modified specification

- If age of a customer is less than or equal to 3, Free (0% of the normal fee)
- If Wednesday 90% of the normal fee
- If age of Change is greater than or equal to 60, 60% of the normal
- If sex of a distomer is female and her age is greater than or equal to 55, 65% of the normal fee
- If the memorial day, 80% of the normal fee

Remove

Add

- If a customer is local citizen, 50% of the normal J
- If after 3 P.M., 70% of the normal fee
- If January or February, 67% of the normal fee
- Note that greater discount rate is applied when a conditions are met

Flow chart of the program

Original Specification



Modified Specification



Tool demonstration

- Symbolic Execution Tool for Java : SPF(Symbolic Path Finder)
- See here for detail of SPF:
 - http://babelfish.arc.nasa.gov/trac/jpf/wiki/projects /jpf-symbc/doc

Test result from the original specification

#	Sex	Age	Day of week local citizen? Month day?	orial Time (hour)	Output (discount rate %)	Output from Modified Spec.
1	Male	0	M	0	0	0
2	Male	4	Because the condition	0	40	40
3	Male	13	for age of customer is	0	50	50
4	Male	60	1 changed	0	60	60
5	Female	50	N		65	100
6	Female	13	Monday No December N	0 15	70	70
7	Female	13	Because the condition	0	80	100
8	Female	13	W "Momorial day?" is	0	90	90
9	Female	13	N Memorial day: 15		100	100
10	Male	13	N removed	15	70	70
11	Male	13	Monday No December 10	es 0	80	100
12	Male	13	Wednesday No December N	o 0	90	90
13	Male	13	Monday No December N	o 0	100	100

Test result from the modified specification

#	Sex	Age	Day of week	local citizen?	Month	memorial day?	Time (hour)	Output (discount rate %)	Output from Original Spec.
1	Male	0	Monday	No	December	No	0	0	0
2	Male	4	Monday	No	December	No	0	40	40
3	Male	13	Monday	Yes	December	No	0	50	50
4	Male	60	Monday	No	December	No	0	60	60
5	Female	55	Monday	No	December	No	0	65	65
6	Female	13	Monday	No	February	No	15	67	100
7	Female	13	Monday	No	December	No	15	70	70
8	Female	13	We Por	sauca tha	conditio	0	90	90	
9	Female	13	M Dec	ause the		0	100	100	
10	Female	13	M fo	or Month	is newly	0	67	100	
11	Male	13	M	adde	ed	0	67	100	
12	Male	13	Mo	1		15	70	70	
13	Male	13	Wednesday	No	December	No	0	90	90
14	Male	13	Monday	No	December	No	0	100	100
15	Male	13	Monday	No	January	No	0	67	100

Bug implementation



Test result from the original program

#	Sex	Age	Day of week	local citizen?	Month	memorial day?	Time (hour)	Output (discount rate %)	Output from Bug impl.
1	Male	0				Io	0	0	0
2	Male	4	Becai	use the c	onditio	n Io	0	40	40
3	Male	13	Citiz	zen?" is <mark>r</mark>	emoved			50	100
4	Male	60				10	0	60	100
5	Female	50	Mondovi		Daaambar	No		65	100
6	Female	13	📙 Becau	se inequa	ality sic	jn	15	70	70
7	Female	13	l of the	conditio	n for a	ge es	0	80	100
8	Female	13		is chang	ed	lo	0	90	90
9	Female	13				Jo	0	100	100
10	Male	13	Monday	No	December	No	15	70	70
11	Male	13	Monday	No	December	Yes	0	80	100
12	Male	13	Wednesday	No	December	No	0	90	90
13	Male	13	Monday	No	December	No	0	100	100

Test result from the bug implemented program

#	Sex	Age	Day of week	local citizen?	Month	memorial day?	Time (hour)	Output (discount rate %)	Output from Original Spec.
1	Male	0	Monday	No	December	No	0	0	0
2	Male	4	Monday	No	December	No	0	40	40
3	Male	61	Monday	No	December	No	0	60	60
4	Female	55	Monday	No	December	No	0	65	65
5	Female	13	Monday	No	February	No	0	67	100
6	Female	13	Monday	No	December	No	15	70	70
7	Female	13	Wednesday	No	December	No	0	90	90
8	Female	13	Tuesday	No	December	No	0	90	100
9	Female	13	Monday	No	December	No	0	100	100
10	Female	13	Mc 1	NT	T		67	100	
11	Male	13	M Rec	ausa tha	67	100			
12	Male	13	M Bet		15	70	70		
13	Male	13	We	uesday?"	0	90	90		
14	Male	13	Т	adde	d	0	90	100	
15	Male	13	M						
16	Male	13	Monday	No	January	0	67	100	

Discussion

Is there any issue when we apply the method to a commercial software?

Issues to be solved

- Tool dependency
- Scalability
- Education

ISSUE: Tool dependency

- Our method uses Symbolic execution tool to generate test cases
- Some restrictions on the tools
 - Supported Language: C, C++, Java, JavaScript, etc.
 - Supported Input Variables: bit array, integer, floating point, etc.

ISSUE: Scalability

- Sample program is okay, but commercial program is much bigger
- Issues on scalability has been studied
- 1)Path explosion
 - Too many path to be treated
- 2)Checking differences of test cases
 - Too many differences to be checked by hand

Solution for path explosion

- Path cutting technique
 - Add constraints about coverage level
 - This study introduces condition coverage instead of full path coverage



Source: Enhancing Symbolic Execution to Test the Compatibility of Re-engineered Industrial Software

Solution for path explosion

- Variable grouping
 - If functions of the software can be treated independently, the input variables can be divided



Source: Enhancing Symbolic Execution to Test the Compatibility of Re-engineered Industrial Software

Solution for difference check

- Bigger modification is made, more differences may be made
- Therefore we must stop big-bang testing, instead, frequently testing at small modification.
- Since the testing process is automated, we can do it.

ISSUE: Education

- Symbolic Execution technique and tools are now open
- However it is still not easy to understand and use
- Due to the tool installation, restrictions, no user community in Japan
- Now we are creating the user community!

Conclusion

- We proposed a new software testing method for logic compatibility verification.
- By using this method compatibility of logical behavior was exhaustively verified and also full path coverage was achieved.
- From the experimental results, it was verified that the method could detect all the three types of specification changes and bugs.
- Our next step is to apply the method to many types of real software to clarify its limitation or restriction which depends on the types.